

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. 4---NO. 213.

MAYSVILLE, KY., THURSDAY JULY 30, 1885.

PRICE ONE CENT.

B. & B.

OUR MIDSUMMER CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES. ALL SUMMER GOODS MUST BE SOLD. THIS IS NOT IDLE TALK, BUT A CALL WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT WE MEAN WHAT WE SAY.

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SMITH'S KIDNEY TONIC--TRY IT.

MADAGASCAR MELANGE

M. DE FREYCINET IS IN FAVOR OF PUNISHING THE HOVAS.

How the Garrison of Kassala Repulsed the Enemy—Salvationists and Sensational Preachers on London Iniquities. The Pope—Foreign Notes.

PARIS, July 30.—The debate on the Madagascar credit was resumed in the chamber of deputies. M. de Freycinet said it was not a question of the conquest of Madagascar, because the season for military operations was now over. The adoption of the proposed credit would be a pledge of future legislative action, while its rejection would increase the arrogance of the Hovas. "Our immediate duty," declared the speaker, "is to protect the rights of our countrymen. The Hovas have several times violated French rights of property recognized by treaty. They have inflicted injury and cruelty upon French subjects. Such acts must be stopped." M. de Freycinet said the blockade of Madagascar had been found inadequate, and it had been decided to occupy several points. The credit now asked for, he said, was not destined for future operations, but was needed to maintain the present situation. It was a question whether the French flag should retreat before the Hovas; whether the French should retreat without obtaining the satisfaction which they had set out to obtain. The rights of France over Madagascar formed a part of the national patrimony. If the chamber voted the credit that act would not prevent the government from seeking an amicable settlement. The negotiations were still in progress, but the Hovas' offers had hitherto been inadequate, and they had used scornful and haughty language. It would be a saddening spectacle if France should pursue a hesitating policy. The debate was then adjourned.

The London Hubbub.

LONDON, July 30.—Mr. Samuel Morley presided at a meeting of members of parliament who are pledged to remain in London to support the Criminal bill. A special effort will be made to secure the adoption of the clauses which raise the age limit to sixteen years, and permit the searching of houses for girls under twelve by their guardians. Rev. Mr. Spurgeon addressed a gathering of 4,000 persons at Benmore. In the course of his remarks he referred to the recent "revelation of iniquities in London" and denounced the traffic of young girls. Gen. Booth, of the Salvation army, has announced a grand parade of the army in London. The object of the demonstration is to influence parliament in view of the revelations made by the Pall Mall Gazette, to pass the proposed Criminal Amendment act increasing the age of consent in girls from thirteen to eighteen years. The army will march to the house of commons and present to that body a petition signed by five hundred thousand persons praying for the immediate reform of the English criminal laws relating to the corruption of girls. Mrs. Booth, wife of the commander-in-chief of the Salvation army, after the publication of the Pall Mall Gazette's revelations, wrote a letter to the queen, asking her majesty's indorsement of the work which the army had undertaken of suppressing patrician crimes against the children of the poor. The queen sent Mrs. Booth a personal letter, conveying her majesty's strongest sympathy with the reform work movement.

The Siege of Kassala.

LONDON, July 30.—Mr. Robert Bourke, under foreign secretary, announced in the house of commons that the government had received news confirming the report that the garrison at Kassala had repulsed El Mahdi's besieging army, killing a great number of the enemy and capturing nearly all their cattle. Mr. Bourke added that the government was making arrangements to relieve the beleaguered garrison. This statement was received with cheers. The British government, trusting the result of the proposals made to Rasoulou for the relief of Kassala on the condition of a subsidy for £100,000 and a donation of arms, has reopened negotiations with Italy for an advance on Kassala early in the autumn. Italy has received the overtures favorably, but has asked English co-operation in the expedition if undertaken.

Papal Appointments.

ROME, July 30.—A papal consistory has been held. The pope delivered an allocution. Archbishop Moran, of Australia; Archbishop Melches, of Cologne; Archbishop Capesiatro, of Capua; Archbishop Battaglini, of Bologna; Bishop Schiefelino and Monsignor Christofori were created cardinals. Two other cardinals were named in his petto. Eighteen archbishops and bishops were nominated, including the Right Rev. Dr. Walsh, president of Maynooth college, Ireland, as successor to the late Cardinal McCabe in the archbishopric of Dublin, and the Right Rev. Dr. Gross as archbishop of Oregon City, United States of America.

Land League Lecture.

DUBLIN, July 30.—John Dillon, M. P., presided at the lecture delivered here by Michael Davitt, in aid of James Stephens, ex-head centre of the Fenian brotherhood, who is now an exile in Switzerland. Mr. Dillon said but for Mr. Stephens' efforts the land league could never have had an existence. Mr. Davitt announced his intention to agitate the land question until landlords became extinct in Ireland. The audience was very enthusiastic, and sang several national airs during and after the speaking.

The Emperor's Health.

GASTEIN, July 30.—The health of the emperor has improved wonderfully since his arrival here, and he walks with a firm step and perfectly straight line, with his head erect, and salutes all whom he meets. He frequently stops to talk with acquaintances, and appears to suffer no fatigue. His friends are fearful he is overtaxing his strength, and have tried to persuade him to take more rest, but thus far without success.

John Bright.

LONDON, July 30.—The papers, Tory and

Liberal alike unite in declaring the speech delivered by John Bright in the house of commons in defense of his utterances at the Spencer dinner, to have been a masterly retort. The papers generally disapprove what they term the "Run with hare and hunt with hounds" policy of the Tory leaders.

Egyptian Loan.

LONDON, July 30.—It is not believed the Egyptian loan of nine million pounds will be sufficient to meet the deficiencies of the government, and it is certain there will be no balance on hand. Indemnified claims will be paid first, it is thought, and these alone will aggregate a sum nearly equal to that realized upon the loan.

The Ameer Speech-Making.

LONDON, July 30.—A telegram from Simla says the ameer of Afghanistan is making a tour of the country delivering speeches to show the vast benefits to be derived from an alliance with the British. His people are reported to be very enthusiastic.

Relief Expeditions.

ROME, July 30.—More liberal religious societies here are organizing volunteer relief expeditions to visit the cholera infected districts of Spain, and as far as possible alleviate the sufferings of the inhabitants.

"Parnellite Blackguards."

LONDON, July 30.—Lord Elington, M. P. for Tuerton, addressed his constituents in that town and denounced the ministry roundly for "travelling to those Parnellite blackguards."

Adjourned.

DUBLIN, July 30.—The master of the rolls has adjourned the hearing of petitions for compulsory liquidation of the affairs of the Munster bank until next week.

Cable Broken.

LONDON, July 30.—The Commercial Cable company's cable between Waterville, Ireland and Coney Island, N. Y., known as the "Southern Cable," is broken.

Sir Moses Montefiore.

LONDON, July 30.—All the morning papers contain laudatory notices of Sir Moses Montefiore.

MIRACULOUS SCAPE.

Fifty Passengers Thrown into the Ditch. A \$40,000 Wreck.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 30.—The south-bound passenger train on the Chicago & Indianapolis (Air line) division of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago road, with a Cincinnati sleeper attached, when rounding a curve one mile north of Delphi, ran into a drove of fifteen cattle.

The engine and baggage car were thrown down the embankment and four other cars derailed. Baggage Master Robinson was badly hurt. Eight head of cattle were killed, and the engine is a total wreck. There were fifty-nine passengers aboard, but none of them were hurt. Engineer Shea and his fireman went down with the engine, but escaped injury. The track will be cleared. The loss to the company is estimated at \$40,000.

Chicago Excursion.

CINCINNATI, July 30.—Col. Bob Miles Chicago excursion starts from Cincinnati next Saturday evening at 8:30 o'clock, via the C. H. & D. railroad. This will be a splendid opportunity to visit the Windy City, as the fare for the round trip has been reduced to \$8, and will be good returning on any regular train for five days, with privilege of stopover at Indianapolis. Many well-known Cincinnatians have bought tickets, and the trip will certainly be one of enjoyment. The train arrives in Chicago at 8 o'clock Sunday morning.

Caught at Last.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Joseph Harris, a prominent dealer in liquors, of West Madison street, near Ann, was arrested upon a warrant by a Detroit detective, charging him with larceny, five years ago, of fifty-two hundred dollars from the banking house of Fisher, Preston & Company of that city. Ed. Rice was arrested in Syracuse for the crime, and it is supposed he has given the Detroit authorities the tip. Harris' arrest soon followed. Heretofore he was regarded as a highly respectable citizen, and his apprehension is a source of surprise.

Skull Crashed With a Pitcher.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., July 30.—Dolphie Bergeron, proprietor of the Montreal house, was struck on the head with a pitcher by an unknown man and almost instantly killed. The murdered man, the murderer and another unknown had been throwing dice when the deed was committed, but no quarrel is known to have occurred. The men escaped.

Detroit's Ball Club Sued.

DETROIT, July 30.—The Indianapolis Base Ball club managers have entered suit in the United States court for damages against the Detroit management. For the absorption of that club \$5,000 was promised, \$1,000 to be in stock. Of this \$2,600 has been paid, and the club now wishes the remainder, \$2,400 in cash and \$1,000 in stock.

Teamer to Australia.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 30.—John Teemer, the oarsman, having failed to get a race with Hanlan, has decided to go to Australia to row Beach for the championship of the world. He will be ready to start in about eight weeks.

Mr. Cleveland Donates.

BUFFALO, July 30.—Fred C. M. Lantz, president of the Music Hall committee, received a letter from President Cleveland, enclosing a subscription for \$250 toward rebuilding the hall.

A Victim of Hard Times.

RICHMOND, Ind., July 30.—George Broesry, aged 26, unmarried, took laudanum and died. He had been drinking, and was despondent, being out of work.

Murderer Jailed.

CELINA, O., July 30.—The murderer of Henry Heiser, who was arrested at Piqua, was brought here. The prisoner gave his name as George Dulla. He had a preliminary examination and confessed to striking Heiser, but seemed surprised to hear of his death. Falling to give bond for his appearance, he was jailed for manslaughter.

IN HONOR OF THE DEAD

FIRST STEPS TAKEN TOWARDS THE NATIONAL MONUMENT.

All the Monument Men in New York Inter-ested—Mayor Grace's Speech—Beautiful Riverside—A Souvenir Screw. Items About the Dead Hero.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The first meeting of the gentlemen invited by Mayor Grace to serve as a committee to raise New York's quota of funds to build a great national monument to Gen. Grant has been held in the mayor's office. It was called for 8 o'clock and at that hour ex-President Chester A. Arthur walked into the office arm in arm with ex-Mayor William H. Wickham, Ex-Governor A. B. Cornell had already arrived as had also Prof. Richard T. Greene, Brayton Ives, George Jones, and William Lummis.

In a few moments the office was well filled with members of the committee. There were ex-Postmaster General Thomas L. James, S. L. M. Barlow, Col. Wm. B. Brown, M. P. Tyner, representative of Joseph Pulitzer; Miles O'Brien, Jesse Seligman, Congressman Abram D. W. Ives, Oliver Hoyt, Chas. F. Vail, Dr. Chas. E. Simmons, David McClure, Cornelius N. Bliss, Geo. Ehret, Geo. Steinway, John Keenan, Jas. J. Coogan, Edward D. Farrell, Richard M. Wallers, Wm. H. Webb, Edward Kemp, J. R. Conder, Wm. M. Cole, and President Sanger, of the board of aldermen.

After Mayor Grace had held a preliminary conference with Gen. Arthur, he moved that the latter take the chair. This the ex-president did, and then the mayor told why he had called the gentlemen together.

"I have asked you to come here," he said, "that you might assist the municipal authorities of New York in honoring Gen. Grant. We all should feel a satisfaction if we can in any way contribute to do honor to such a grand character as was his. Now that the question of his interment has been settled to the satisfaction of both the family and the city, it is fitting that the work of raising a substantial monument to his memory should be put under way."

"I might say here also that the selection of Claremont, in Riverside park, is the place where the general's body is to finally rest, is a most fitting one. The spot chosen consists of twenty or twenty-five acres of land, and the park department is at work erecting the temporary tomb, while the common council have instructed the corporation council to prepare the necessary deeds for the transfer of the property."

"And now let me say that I don't wish to make the slightest suggestion as to what you should do in this matter. You are all practical business men of great experience in your several lines, and I feel that I should leave the whole matter in your hands. You come from different walks of life, and your experience will undoubtedly show you how best you can insure the early success of this grand project. As I understand the matter, the committee is to reserve subscriptions to fill New York's quota toward erecting a National monument, not a New York monument."

Gen. Arthur was then made permanent president of the committee and Professor Greener was chosen secretary. Addresses were made by several of the gentlemen present, but no definite action was taken. The meeting adjourned until later.

A Souvenir Screw.

NEW YORK, July 30.—When Undertaker Merritt began to pack Gen. Grant's coffin he discovered that one of the four gold screws that fasten the gold inscription plate to the lid was missing. The plate was removed before the coffin was shown to the public on Monday, and was locked away in a drawer with the screws. The drawer was opened after that at different times to show the plate to special visitors, and Mr. Merritt says that some of these visitors must have carried the screw away. "It may have been taken as a souvenir," he said. "I hardly think anybody would deliberately steal it for its intrinsic value." Mr. Merritt has ordered another gold screw to be made at once.

In the Casket.

MOUNT MCGRORY, July 30.—The casket for Gen. Grant's remains has reached here, and the body was placed in it. A guard of honor from U. S. Grant post of Brooklyn will assume charge and keep their constant watch till Tuesday next. A company of regulars are still on guard and duty and discipline are strictly enforced, even to the extent of having kept members of the family waiting at the guard lines for orders from the officer of the day before passing.

Ex-Confederates.

NEW YORK, July 30.—A notice has been published which requests all ex-Confederate soldiers in New York and vicinity, who desire to participate in Grant's obsequies to send their addresses to "A. M. Davies, late of the Thirty-fourth Virginia infantry, Wise brigade, at 40 Broadway," for the purpose of organization and united action.

His Last Pay.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The exact amount of pay due Gen. Grant at his death, as Gen. of the army was \$262.50; his monthly pay was \$1,125, or \$37.50 per diem.

The Temporary Tomb.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Work of excavating Riverside Park for the vault to be used for the temporary burial of Gen. Grant has been finished.

TELEGRAPH TATTLE.

The Baltimore & Ohio Will Not be Controlled by the Western Union.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Robert Garrett, president of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company, is in England. President Bates, of the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph company, said that there was no truth in the statement that the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph company had endeavored to induce the Western Union company to buy out its lines. He thought the statements had been circulated simply for stock jobbing purposes. "The only foundation for any statement

of any settlement of the telegraph matters," he said, "between the two companies is undoubtedly the reported interviews between Cyrus W. Field, Mr. Pender, and Mr. Garrett, in London. Whatever discussion may have been had between those gentlemen on the subject of a proposed settlement it is positively known that all offers made by the Western Union company at such interviews were rejected by Mr. Garrett. No arrangement can be made between the two companies which would look to a consolidation, lease, or purchase of the Baltimore & Ohio by the Western Union company."

"For many years," continued Mr. Bates, "the Baltimore & Ohio telegraph lines were under the control of the Western Union company. Since the Western Union contracts expired in 1877 the Baltimore & Ohio lines have been operated independently, first in connection with the Atlantic & Pacific and next with the American Union, and for the past four years entirely independent of all companies."

"This system now covers such a large and productive territory that, notwithstanding the exceedingly low rates now prevailing, the lines are worked at a profit. It is not only unlikely but impossible that Mr. Garrett should divest himself of his control of this property. The fixed policy of the owners of the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph company is to operate it as a separate and distinct system without making any alliances."

"In furtherance of this policy, maps, plans, and estimates have been requested by Mr. Garrett, for a further extension of the system to other paying points in the United States, and these plans and estimates have gone forward by a steamer to London."

Mr. Bates authorized the statement that the business of his company had materially increased since the seizure by the Western Union of the American Rapid and the Bankers' & Merchants' wires on July 9. He stated that the extension from Boston to Portsmouth and Portland had been completed and that various other lines were being constructed to reach paying points. The Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph company, Mr. Bates said, now comprises the largest competing telegraph system ever organized in the United States in mileage of wires, and the number of messages transmitted annually was now at the rate of over six millions.

VIRGINIA POLITICS.

Lots of Timber to Select Candidates from, But All is Cross-Grained.

RICHMOND, Va., July 30.—It is Fitz Hugh Lee against the field. If the talk of the crowds that are perspiring in the hotel lobbies and verandas could be taken as a sure indication it would be safe to predict that Lee's name will head the ticket that will be put in nomination by the Democratic convention. Conventions, however, do not always respond to outside sentiment. Not a few shrewd, calculating, wire-pulling politicians keep very close mouths when somebody starts a hurrah for Lee. The fact is the succession to William Mahone in the United States senate interests the old politicians more than the question as to who shall be governor.

The two prominent candidates for senator are John S. Barbour, republican, in congress from the Alexandria district, and chairman of the state committee, and John W. Daniels, of Lynchburg, the silver-tongued orator, who was beaten by Cameron in the gubernatorial race four years ago.

Daniels' friends conceived the happy idea this year of nominating Gen. Barbour for governor, in order to leave a clear senatorial field for their favorite, but Gen. Barbour, prominently declined the honor. Next to Gen. Barbour himself the Daniels men pressed Gen. Lee, who is a fellow townsman of Barbour's. The Virginians have been geographical jealousies, and should Lee be governor Barbour would hardly be senator.

The Daniels' men have therefore joined very gently in the chorus of the solid sentiment, and the young democracy for the dashing young Lee. They have unquestionably worked up a very formidable boom, but it is doubtful if they have secured half of the delegates. Lee can be beaten by a combination of the field, but such a union is not among the probabilities.

The candidate who probably stands second in strength, is Judge Walter R. Staples. He is, perhaps, the last man in his party, but he is well along in years and the young fellows generally believe his health could not stand the wear and tear of a campaign, such as the head of the ticket will have to undergo this year.

Capt. Phil McKenney, who was beaten in the race for attorney general four years ago, has something of a following, and his admirers believe he would make it lively for John Wise if he were placed on the head of the ticket. John E. Massey and Col. Robert Beverly are also mentioned, but have no strong support as yet.

The one man who could most surely carry the convention, if he would accept the nomination, is John S. Barbour, himself.

Making New States.

FARGO, D. T., July 30.—A party of Dakota and Montana capitalists will go to Washington soon with a new scheme for the division of the territory. They propose to form all Dakota east of the Missouri river into one state, that part west of the Missouri river and the eastern part of Montana, the cattle grazing belt into another, while the western part of Montana, the mining region, will be the third, and the Black Hills will be attached to Wyoming. They are confident of success, as they have ample money backing.

Excitement Over Pleuro-Pneumonia.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 30.—There is considerable excitement at Cynthiana over the pleuro-pneumonia which originated in the herd of Frisbie & Lake, and which has spread to numerous other cattle throughout the county. Being court day the county judge ordered the town quarantined, and the consequence was that no cattle were sold. Cattle have fallen from fifty to sixty per cent. below the market price. A meeting of the cattle men and citizens is called for to take active steps in stamping out the disease.

Big Blaze.

MONTREAL, July 30.—The factory of the Royal Electric Light company, on Down street, was destroyed by fire. Metter's paper box factory and four dwellings adjoining were also consumed. The total loss is placed at one million dollars.